Claims:

1-11. (canceled)

- 12. (currently amended) Polyvinyl alcohol gel comprises at least two polyvinyl alcohols of the types PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 and a swelling agent, wherein the degrees of polymerisation DP of PVA1 and PVA3 are >1000 and the degree of polymerisation DP of PVA2 is in the range of $50-\underline{1000}$ $\underline{100}$ and PVA1 and PVA2 are predominantly linear whereas PVA3 has a fraction of long-chain branchings.
- 13. (currently amended) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein the gel has a modulus of elasticity E and/or a strength sm in MPa is >5 and optionally a stress-strain curve having a negative curvature over an interval within the range of 0-300% strain.
- 14. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 13, wherein the modulus of elasticity E and/or strength sm is >10.
- 15. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 14, wherein the modulus of elasticity E and/or strength sm is >15.
- 16. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 13, wherein the modulus of elasticity E and/or strength sm is >20.
- 17. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein the gel is obtained from a mixture of polyvinyl alcohol and swelling agent, wherein the viscosity of the mixture during forming is >10,000 mPa.

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- 18. (previously presented) A process for preparing the gel of claim 17, including extruding the mixture to obtain a gel formation.
- 19. (currently amended) The process according to claim 18, including storing the gel formation at a temperature above the freezing point, wherein a heat treatment is optionally carried out and/or a reduction in the water content takes place during the storage.
- 20. (currently amended) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) the degree of hydrolysis of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is >95;
- b) the 1,2-glycol content of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is <3;
- c) the number of short-chain branchings of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 per monomer unit is $<10^{-2}$; and
- d) PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 $\frac{}{}$ preferably have an atactic conformation.
- 21. (currently amended) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) the degree of hydrolysis of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is >98;
- b) the 1,2-glycol content of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is <1;
- c) the number of short-chain branchings of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 per monomer unit is $<10^{-3}$; and
- d) PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 $\frac{}{\text{preferably}}$ have an atactic conformation.
- 22. (currently amended) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
 - a) the degree of hydrolysis of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole %

is >99;

- b) the 1,2-glycol content of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is <0.5:
- c) the number of short-chain branchings of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 per monomer unit is $<10^{-4}$; and
- d) PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 $\frac{}{\text{preferably}}$ have a predominantly syndiotactic conformation.
- 23. (currently amended) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) the degree of hydrolysis of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is >99.8;
- b) the 1,2-glycol content of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 in mole % is <0.2;
- c) the number of short-chain branchings of PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 per monomer unit is $<10^{-6}$; and
- d) PVA1, PVA2 and PVA3 $\frac{}{}$ preferably have a predominantly syndiotactic conformation.
- 24. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) PVA1 and PVA3 have a degree of polymerisation DP>1000; and $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$
- b) PVA2 has a degree of polymerisation DP in the range of 50-1000.
- 25. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) PVA1 and PVA3 have a degree of polymerisation DP>2000; and $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$
- b) PVA2 has a degree of polymerisation DP in the range of 60-500.
- 26. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein

- a) PVA1 and PVA3 have a degree of polymerisation DP>3000; and $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$
- b) PVA2 has a degree of polymerisation DP in the range of 70-300.
- 27. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) PVA1 and PVA3 have a degree of polymerisation DP>5000; and $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$
- b) PVA2 has a degree of polymerisation DP in the range of 75-200.
- 28. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) the fraction of PVA2 relative to PVA in wt. % is in the range of 1-95;
- b) the fraction of PVA3 relative to PVA in wt. % is in the range of 1-80; and
- c) the fraction of PVA relative to PVA and swelling agent in wt. % is in the range of 5-90.
- 29. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) the fraction of PVA2 relative to PVA in wt. % is in the range of 2-90;
- b) the fraction of PVA3 relative to PVA in wt. % is in the range of 2-60; and
- c) the fraction of PVA relative to PVA and swelling agent in wt. % is in the range of 7-95.
- 30. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein
- a) the fraction of PVA2 relative to PVA in wt. % is in the range of 3-85;
 - b) the fraction of PVA3 relative to PVA in wt. % is in the

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range of 3-50; and

c) the fraction of PVA relative to PVA and swelling agent in wt. % is in the range of 10-80.

31-35. (cancelled)

- 36. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel, according to claim 12, wherein the gel has a degree of swelling Q in water in the range of 1.01-3.
- 37. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel, according to claim 12, wherein the gel has a degree of swelling Q in water in the range of 1.03-2.
- 38. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel, according to claim 12, wherein the gel has a degree of swelling Q in water in the range of 1.05-1.5.
- 39. (previously presented) The polyvinyl alcohol gel according to claim 12, wherein the gel is transparent and free of organic solvents.
- 40. (previously presented) A process according to claim 18, including preparing the gel into a biomedicine.
- 41. (previously presented) A process according to claim 18, including preparing the gel into an agriculture product.